

	Open	Close
Silver	61 3/4	61 3/4
Copper	16 1/2	16 1/2

Committee Will Make An Investigation Of Money Spent By All Officials

(By Hans Durfel)

Special Correspondence

CARSON, Jan. 31.—Retrenchment is all right when applied to officials of the state, but when it effects the members of the legislature but little favor is shown the latest fad. Today several republican members attempted to reduce the stationery allowance of each member from \$20 to \$10 and after a brief fight the \$10 solons were snowed under by their higher priced brethren.

Harris of Lander presented a resolution which authorized each member of the assembly to draw \$20 for his stationery allowances. The money is supposed to be spent for stamps with which the constituents were to be informed of the legislative proceedings. Kinghorn of Mineral offered an amendment to reduce the amount to \$10. Kinghorn lost out and will be compelled to accept the \$20 contribution from the state. In the senate a resolution allowing the senators \$20 for stationery was passed with but one negative vote. Mills of Ormsby, republican, opposing the motion.

Senator Ascher of Washoe today presented a bill to the upper house which would regulate the practice of optometry. The measure would create a state board of optometry and all practicing optometrists would be required to pass an examination before being permitted to resume their practice.

Senator Jones introduced a resolution that would limit each senator to the introduction of but 10 bills during the legislative session. The merits of the measure are being considered by the committee on judiciary.

A committee of three senators with a ruling commission to investigate state and all state officers, was authorized in the upper house this afternoon. The main purpose of the committee is to investigate the manner in which appropriations have been expended and is believed to have special reference to the publicity commission. While several of the members opposed the resolution on the indefinite powers of the committee, nevertheless the word was quickly passed about that the aim was for something not intended for the public and but four votes were cast in opposition. The resolution was introduced by Fulmer of White Pine.

Arnold of Esmeralda introduced a bill authorizing the use of slot machines when played for merchandise or tokens redeemable in merchandise. A license of \$200 is required for each machine and this amount is equally divided by the county and state. Only adults over 21 years of age may play on the machines. Penalty for violating the law will be a fine not less than \$250 nor more than \$500.

The "dental trust" of Nevada will receive a severe blow if the bill introduced in the lower house by Harrington of Ormsby becomes a law. The measure regulates the practice of dentistry and makes the examination of dentists by the state board compulsory. Under the present law applicants are required to take an examination but the law is not specific and the state board may delay holding the examination for years. Several cases have come to the attention of the public in the last few years wherein the trust has sought to prevent others from locating in this state and practicing their profession. The bill further provides that dentists who have practiced in other states for a period of five years may come to Nevada and practice here until they take the examination. This clause will prevent the trust from attempting to prevent the influx of dentists.

Both houses of the legislature adjourned this afternoon until Monday morning.

TARIFF HEARINGS ARE ENDED BY COMMITTEE

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—After almost a month of practically daily sessions the house ways and means committee brought the tariff hearing to an end today with the testimony of persons interested in the free list and the administrative portion of the law. The committee will proceed with the formation of tentative legislation.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC ORDERED TO REDUCE RAILROAD RATES

The railroad commission of Nevada in an opinion and order written by Commissioner Shaughnessy has ordered that, on or before February 25, 1913, the Southern Pacific company within Nevada shall reduce the present local one-way passenger fares between all points on its standard gauge main and branch lines from 4 and 5 cents a mile to 3 cents a mile.

Chairman Bartine dissents from the majority opinion on the ground that, while entirely favorable to a reduction to 3 cents a mile on the main line, he is opposed to any reduction being made in the fares on the branch line for the reason that if treated separately and not included as a part of the entire system, as contemplated by the majority opinion, the business of the branch line is not sufficient to warrant a reduction in the fares thereon.

The majority opinion treats the main and branch lines as a whole, or, in other words, as comprising the Southern Pacific system within Nevada and in connection therewith has made a uniform reduction in the local fares to 3 cents a mile which it is shown will provide an ample return on the fair value of the property, when earnings, expenses and values are considered as a whole.

Chairman Bartine does not controvert the proposition that considering the earnings, expenses and values of the two lines (main and branch) as a whole the return would be reasonable to the company, but bases his opinion mainly upon the ground that the two lines cannot lawfully be treated as one for rate making purposes.

LEGISLATURE IS IN FAVOR OF THE BARNES BILL

ASSEMBLYMAN FORMAN OF NYE DECLARES BILL WILL PASS LOWER HOUSE

That there is reason to believe the bill amending the divorce laws will be passed by the present legislature, is the message received in Tonopah this morning. William Forman of Tonopah, chairman of the judiciary committee, arrived today from Carson, having been summoned here on legal business, and in discussing the divorce question he stated that but little opposition was to be noted outside of Washoe county. The legislature adjourned last night until Monday morning when Forman will again be back at his desk.

"The bill amending the divorce law is now in the judiciary committee and will be reported out at an early date," said Forman today. "The opposition to the measure appears to be chiefly confined within the Washoe delegation, although that body is split on the question, two of the members at least being in favor of amending the law and requiring a year's residence instead of six months."

"One of the Washoe delegates, who favors amending the law, stated his reasons several days ago. It appears that he returned to his home one evening and found his two little girls and the boy of a woman who was in Reno for the purpose of securing a divorce, playing at divorce. The lad was the judge of the court, one of the girls was asking for divorce and the other substantiated her claim as to residence. The play was carried out in regular court style and the father became so disgusted at the manner in which the very air of the divorce element had entered his home, that his convictions experienced a decided change."

"The legislators from the eastern and southern part of the state are decidedly in favor of amending the law and I look for the passage of the bill with but little trouble."

KANSAS CITY EDITOR IS HELD IN CONTEMPT

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 1.—William R. Nelson, editor and owner of the Kansas City Star, was found guilty of contempt of court today by Judge Guthrie of the Jackson county circuit court and sentenced to one day in the county jail.

The citation for contempt followed the publication in the Star of an article stating that payment of attorney's fees had been given precedence over the payment of alimony in a divorce suit recently tried in the circuit court.

Nelson was released from jail on a writ of habeas corpus.

TONOPAH MINES SET NEW MARK IN ORE SHIPMENTS

OVER ELEVEN THOUSAND TONS ARE SHIPPED TO MILLS DURING THE WEEK

Tonopah mines exceeded the 11,000 ton mark in the ore shipments during the past week when the total was announced as 11,090 tons. It was not many months ago that a record was established when the 10,000 ton mark was reached, and from now on the increase will be watched with interest for indications point to the 12,000 ton mark within a short time. The estimated value, based upon the actual milling values of the ore, reached \$221,435 for the week's work. The shipments were made as follows: The Tonopah Mining company sent to the mill 3500 tons, the Belmont 2385 tons, the Montana Tonopah 1065 tons, the Tonopah Extension 1085 tons, the West End 1060 tons, the MacNamara 350 tons, the Jim Butler 450 tons, the Merger 160 tons, the North Star 45 tons, and the Midway 45 tons.

JURY SECURED IN CASE BEFORE DISTRICT COURT

TESTIMONY IS TAKEN IN CASE OF RYAN VERSUS MANHATTAN TANK BIG FOUR

Testimony is being taken today at the district court in the case of John Ryan versus the Manhattan Big Four Mining company. The work of securing the jury was completed yesterday afternoon when the plaintiff placed the first witness on the stand. The complaint states that he was injured while riding on the bucket in the shaft of the Big Four company.

The jurors who will decide the case are: D. J. Fitzgerald, John R. Van Harlingen, Frank Healy, G. W. Short, Geo. A. Roberts, Elmer Fulmer, John Clendenning, Morten Evans, W. A. Lynch, Frank Beam, Dan M. Harrington and Albert A. Clate.

BOND OF PRESIDENT RYAN IS APPROVED

(By Associated Press) CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—The \$70,000 bond of Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Iron Workers' union, was approved by Judge Baker of the United States circuit court of appeals. Ryan's sentence in the dynamite conspiracy case was seven years' imprisonment.

FORMULATE PLAN FOR PERMANENT MINERAL EXHIBIT OF SPECIMENS NYE COUNTY AT MIZPAH HOTEL

Through a plan which is now being formulated in Tonopah, Manhattan is to be given an opportunity to maintain a permanent mineral exhibit in the rotunda of the Mizpah hotel, in conjunction with an exhibit of ores from the mines of this camp. The movement for this exhibit originated with some prominent local mining men, and the management of the Mizpah hotel has agreed to provide a large, glass enclosed cabinet for the purpose, to be stationed in the lobby of the hotel, where it can be viewed by every visitor to the great silver camp.

The mines of Tonopah will be fittingly represented by a splendid collection of ores from the mines of this camp, and the Manhattan chamber of mines has been invited to provide an exhibit from the mines of Manhattan, the great gold camp of Nye county. That a most attractive exhibit of gold ores can be made by the mines of Manhattan goes without saying, for at the mining congress held in Goldfield some three years ago the Manhattan exhibit overshadowed in attractiveness and interest all others from the various mining camps of Nevada. Its big nuggets, slabs of pure gold and rich specimens made an exhibit that was unequalled in beauty and general interest, and aroused much favorable comment on the pine tree camp.

While the chamber of mines desires to secure a reasonable exhibit of high-grade ores, the principal effort will be directed toward an exposition of the immense resources of the camp in medium and low-grade milling ores on which the permanence of the camp depends.

Mine owners, lessees and others have been requested to co-operate with the chamber of mines in providing this exhibit. The safety of all specimens will be guaranteed, and such specimens as may be only loaned for the purpose will be returned to the owners upon request. This is an opportunity to help advertise the resources of every Nye county camp which should be heartily joined in by every one who can assist, and the chamber of mines will at once undertake an organized effort to collect the exhibit.

BRADY ASKS FOR INJUNCTION AND ALSO TO RECOVER FOR ORE MINED ON THE MANHATTAN EARL

Litigation which has been pending for some time was started this week by the filing of a suit in the district court in Tonopah by S. H. Brady against the Manhattan Amalgamated Mining company, for an injunction restraining the defendants from working within the lines of the Manhattan Earl, and for the recovery of the value of approximately 1000 tons of ore of an estimated value of \$20 or thereabout per ton, alleged to have been extracted by the defendant company during the last few months from within the lines of the Earl claim. Other damages to double the value of the ore alleged to have been extracted are also asked, bringing the total claim for damages asked up to \$20,000.

The filing of this suit has been anticipated in mining circles for two or three months, but its culmination came last Monday by Brady filing an attachment on about 200 tons of ore which the Amalgamated company had just shipped to the Manhattan Milling & Ore company's plant, of which Brady is manager, and the filing of the suit in Tonopah followed.

There are several unusual and interesting phases to this controversy. Last summer Brady negotiated a

bond and lease on the Earl and took an option on control of the stock. James H. Forman of Tonopah was one of the largest stockholders in the Earl, and he also is the controlling factor in the Manhattan Amalgamated company, the property of which adjoins the Earl on the north, and his stock in the Earl was included in that optioned to Brady under the bond and lease. The vein in controversy angles across the Forman Fraction or Liberty claim, and enters the Earl through the easterly side line. It is the same vein on which John Swanson worked under lease from the Earl and from which he extracted a large amount of ore, but leaving as much ore in place along his stope as he took out. After Brady began operations on the Earl under his bond and lease, the Amalgamated company entered into a portion of the old Swanson workings through the Liberty shaft and have been extracting ore alleged to be within the Earl lines, but claiming extra-lateral rights under the apex law. No suit was ever filed by the Amalgamated company against Swanson or the Earl on account of ore extracted from the same ground by Swanson.

DENIES RATE AGREEMENT BETWEEN SHIPPING LINES

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—R. B. Schwerin, vice president of the Pacific Mail Steamship company, denied before the shipping trust committee that there existed a rate agreement between his company and the Kosmos line on coffee rates to Central America.

MEXICAN REBELS BURN MANY RAILWAY BRIDGES

(By Associated Press) EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 1.—After burning all the trestles and stationery equipment of the Mexico Northwestern railway for 50 miles south-west of Juarez, Salazar's rebel army are returning to the border opposite Columbus, New Mexico.

COMMUTES SENTENCE CONDEMNED MURDERER

(By Associated Press) SACRAMENTO, Feb. 1.—Governor Johnson today commuted to life imprisonment the sentence of Manuel Bombela, who was to have been hanged at San Quentin on February 7.

TAFT AND WILSON TO OCCUPY THE SAME BOX

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Taft and President-elect Wilson will be the guests of honor of the National Women's Suffrage association at the banquet on March 3. They will occupy the same box.

ZAPATA WORRIES MADERO

REBEL CHIEFTAIN HAS MORE THAN 8000 WELL DRILLED MEN IN HIS COMMAND

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 1.—That Emiliano Zapata has an army of more than 8000 men well drilled and well provided with arms and ammunition, is a story that caused the capital to smile when it was brought here recently by Abraham Martinez, a semi-official envoy of the government of Zapata, but which before the end of the month had received far more serious consideration. If the story is true, it is believed here that it will alter very materially the relations of the central government and that of the rebel whose name has spread panic through half of Mexico, and which has been adopted as a battle cry by thousands who perhaps have never seen him.

Since that day more than a year ago when Francisco I. Madero, not yet president, met Zapata at Cuautla and by inaugurating negotiations for peace frustrated the plans of the provisional government to suppress him and his band, the government has from time to time indulged in roundabout efforts to end its disagreements with him. Martinez has played a big part in these negotiations. Recently he brought to the government Zapata's terms for peace and, although they have not been made public, it is known that Zapata does not now insist upon the resignation of Madero, but that federal troops be retired from the state of Morelos, and that he be made the military commander of the seventh military zone, whose headquarters is at Cuernavaca. He offers to furnish his own soldiers, guaranteeing the maintenance of peace.

Martinez declares that he is convinced of the truth that Zapata has an army of 8000 men, in addition to those numerous bands which have been raiding the length and breadth of the states of Mexico, Guerrero, parts of Puebla, Oaxaca, and even those whose operations in the state of Morelos have gained for them the term "savages." Zapata's army—that over which he has direct control—is, according to Martinez, in a region 20 by 40 miles in an isolated part of the state of Morelos. There his men have been for months doing little besides drill and prepare for eventualities. The drilling and organization have been done, he says, under the general supervision of Gandencio de la Llave, a colonel in the regular army who joined the rebellion.

General Joaquin Beltran, who conducted the campaign against General Felix Diaz in Vera Cruz and who later was made the military commander in that district, has been succeeded by General Velasco. General Beltran was ordered to report to Mexico City, where he was left subject to orders from the department of war.

Another change that has caused much speculation and considerable gossip was the relieving of Commodore Azueta. Azueta was in command of the little fleet in Vera Cruz harbor, and Diaz depended upon him for support, but at the last he joined forces with Beltran to capture the rebellious general.

NEW RULES OF SUPREME COURT GO INTO EFFECT

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The new equity rules promulgated by the supreme court for the federal courts throughout the country went into effect today. The purpose is to reduce the cost of litigation and eradicate needless delays. Rigid restrictions are imposed on granting temporary injunctions in labor troubles.

SENATE PASSES BILL FOR SIX-YEAR PRESIDENT TERM

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Senator Cummins today opened the debate on the Works proposed constitutional amendment to limit the president to a single six-year term by proposing to permit the voters to amend the constitution directly without action of congress, when a majority demanded such a change.

The senate this afternoon passed the Works resolution by 47 to 23, one more than was necessary for a two-thirds vote.

MINING ACTIVITY INCREASE

MANHATTAN MAKES MATERIAL ADVANCE IN FIRST MONTH OF YEAR

Special to the Bonanza

MANHATTAN, Nev., Feb. 1.—The first month of the new year has witnessed material advancement in the enlarged mining activities which will cut an important figure in the progress and gold output of Manhattan during the year. Perhaps the most prominent feature is the near completion of the Big Four mill, which is confidently expected to begin dropping its stamps on ore within the next two weeks, with a capacity of from 100 to 125 tons per day. This minimum average of 100 tons will consume 3000 tons of ore per month, and at an average value as low as \$10 per ton will easily produce over \$300,000 before the year ends, and at from \$15 to \$20 per ton will amount to half a million dollars in gold bullion, equalling in less than 11 months the total output of the property during all of its operation up to the present time. With the large reserves of ore available that sample from \$15 to \$75 per ton, a much higher figure than the estimate of a possible half million dollars could be attained, but the policy of the management will be directed toward milling a large tonnage of lower grade material, ranging from \$5 to \$10 per ton, in connection with the high-grade product, thus equalizing the general values month by month and not precipitately depleting the mine of its better grade of ore and soon leave only a low-grade shell to depend on for the future.

The operations of the various interests managed by S. H. Brady of Tonopah, which include the Manhattan Earl, the Jumping Jack and the south half of the Union No. 9 claim of the Manhattan Dexter Mining company, and the Manhattan Milling & Ore Co.'s mill, are rapidly assuming large proportions, there now being a total of approximately 60 men on the combined pay rolls. The Union No. 9 and the Jumping Jack have passed into the Brady management since the first of January. The Earl and the mill having been taken over several months ago as a nucleus of the operations of Brady and his associates. Each of the three mining properties are now producing ore, and the mill is steadily running at full capacity on custom and Brady syndicate ore. Development of ore reserves for present and future operations in these properties which have made a good record in the past, the Union No. 9 having produced approximately three-quarters of a million dollars, is now reaching a point from which production for 1913 can begin to be figured, and it will doubtless total more than \$150,000 for the year if present indications are fulfilled. This is independent of possible or probable extension of activities of the Brady syndicate in this district.

Another factor of equal importance in the development and output of the camp is the sinking of the White Caps shaft to the 300-foot level, drifts from which will open for production the downward projection of the big ore bodies which have proven so prolific from surface to the 165-foot level. The production from this new level is expected to practically equal the output of the mine from above the 165-foot level, which totals about \$250,000. The rich ore ore shoot on the west side of the shaft is expected to be cut within a few feet of the station, and not over 60 days is expected to be consumed in driving the 400 feet necessary to tap the eastern ore body. The present lease expires by time limitation next November, and a record production may be anticipated for the intervening time after the ore is opened in this virgin ground.

Thus is the new year progressing with other important activities projected which will undoubtedly be brought to a successful issue.

TEMPERATURE REPORT

Highest temperature yesterday, 44; a year ago, 52; lowest last night, 28; a year ago, 27.